PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
IN
MUSSER'S BUILDING.
Corner of Main and Penn Sts., at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE;
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

Acceptable Correspondence Solicited.

Address all letters to
"MILLHEIM JOURNAL."

The Millheim Journal.

DEININGER & BUMILLER, Editors and Proprietors. A PAPER FOR THE HOME CIRCLE. Terms, $1.00 Per Year in Advance.

VOL. LVII. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1883. NO. 43.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.

If subscribers order the discontinuation of newspapers, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

If subscribers refuse or neglect to take their newspapers from the office to which they are sent, they are held responsible until they have settled the bills and ordered them discontinued.

If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the newspapers are sent to the former place of residence, they are then responsible.

ADVERTISING RATES:

	1 wk.	1 mo.	3mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 square	$1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 4 00	$ 6 00
¼ column	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Could We But Know.

Could we but know
The land that ends our dark, uncertain travel,
Where lie those happier hills and meadows low—
Ah! if beyond the spirit's inmost cavil
Aught of that country could we surely know—
Who would not go?

Might we but hear
The hovering angels' high imagined chorus,
Or catch, betimes, with wakeful eyes and clear,
One radiant vista of the realm before us.
With one rapt moment given to see and hear,
Ah! who would fear?

Were we quite sure
To find the peerless friend who left us lonely
Or there, by some celestial stream as pure,
To gaze in eyes that here were love-lit only—
This weary mortal coil, were we quite sure,
Who would endure?

—*Edmund C. Stedman.*

AT UNCLE PAUL'S.

"There," said Juliet Garland, impatiently, "I can't wear these kid gloves again by any possibility. They've been once to the cleaner's, and I've done them myself twice with bread-crumbs!"

She sat in the deep window-seat, her bright hair streaked with morning sunshine, her blue eyes sparkling with vexation, while a pair of very much demoralized kid gloves, of the palest primrose tint, lay in her lap.

And Dora, her younger sister, looked listlessly up from the pile of music she was turning over—another of the bright blonde blossoms of humanity.

"Why don't you get yourself a new pair?" said she. "Oh, dear! There isn't a song here that is not a hundred years old. 'Juanita,' 'Her bright smile,' 'Beautiful daises,' and all that sort of thing. Rosie must get something that isn't coeval with the ark. How is a girl to—"

"Why don't I get myself another pair?" sharply cross-questioned Juliet. "Because I haven't any money—that is the reason!"

"It's so dreadful to be poor!" sighed plump, pretty Dora, contemplating her pink finger-tips; and at the same moment Mrs. Templeton, the married blonde of the family, came in with a worn look upon her face.

"More bills," said she. "Oh, girls what will Frank say? Stefani has actually had the hardihood to charge seventy-five dollars for that little lunch we gave to Mrs. Atwood and her son. And Madame Cherimont's account is eighty-nine, and I'm positively afraid to open the florist's bill."

"Then it's no use asking for more kid gloves at present," said Juliet, disconsolately.

"Nor music," added Dora, with a shrug of her shoulders.

Mrs. Templeton burst into tears.

"I declare," said she, "I'm discouraged. And you girls are always teasing for something or other, and Frank is so cross whenever we exceed the regular allowance!"

"Crying will do no good," said Dora, who was evidently the philosopher of the family. "But what is that letter in your lap, Rosie?"

"Oh, that!" said Mrs. Templeton, "is from Uncle Paul. I declare, Stefani's bill upset me so that I forgot all about it. He wants one of you girls to come up to the Maine Camp and keep house for him. It's somewhere on the line of the Rangeley Lakes, I believe. Owls and whip-poor-wills thrown in. Come, girls, which of you will volunteer?"

Juliet gave a little shriek of dismay Dora elevated her pink, cushiony hands. But a third sister who had been silently mending the flounces of a pink silk skirt, in an obscure corner, looked up.

"Is Uncle Paul really in earnest?" said she. "Then I'll go."

"Gladys!" cried all three of the others, in different accents of amazement, reproach and incredulity.

Gladys Garland rose up, flung aside the soft billows of pink silk that cumbered her lap, and came out into the light. Of all the sisters, she was perhaps the loveliest and the most determined.

"Why not?" said she. "Do you think I am particularly in love with this sort of life? I declare, there have been times within the last month when I've felt inclined to go for a servant-maid, or look up a situation as factory-hand. Just consider, girls—the dress I wear isn't paid for; the milliner is always sending her girl around with bills. I can't go on this street nor on that, for fear of meeting some one who will ask me for the money that I honestly owe them. Rosie, like a darling that she is, keeps giving parties and lunches and morning musicales, to try and get us well married. Frank, poor fellow, is working beyond his strength, to give his wife's sisters a fair chance; but it isn't a bit of use. See how we all hang fire. Now I don't know about Julie and Dora, but I, for one, am tired of being put up in the world's window 'For sale!' Yes, I'll go to Uncle Paul."

"But," gasped Mrs. Templeton, "what will society say?"

"What it pleases," Gladys answered. "Society don't settle my boot-bill, nor provide me with pocket-money."

"Gladys," said Juliet, remonstratingly, "I think you are crazy!"

"Because I am emancipating myself from slavery? But you know, Julie, I cannot see where all this is to end."

"What will Mr. Mandeville say?" demurely questioned Dora, with a sly, sidelong glance at her sister.

"He will say," Gladys stoutly answered, "that there is one fortune-hunter the less in the ranks."

"Gladys, how can you speak so coarsely?" said Juliet, not without indignation.

"Is it coarse?" said Gladys. "It is the simple truth. Mr. Mandeville is very handsome and agreeable, but I don't think he will miss me after the first evening or two. Oh, there are too many Paris in this Paradise! And poor, good, patient Frank, he will have one less to provide for. "Yes, I'll go with Uncle Paul."

"You may as well commit suicide at once," said Juliet.

"You'll never marry in that wilderness," said Mrs. Templeton.

"There are nineteen old maids in this block," said Gladys. "We counted them yesterday, Dora and I. Do you suppose there are nineteen old maids on Lake Molechunkamunk?"

"Nonsense!" said Mrs. Templeton.

"And besides," added Gladys, the laughter fading from her eyes, "is it really the end and aim of all female humanity to get married? Why shouldn't I be an old maid as well as another? Do you think I shouldn't survive it? Wait and see!"

Gladys Garland had definitely made up her mind on the subject. Within three days she had purchased a pair of thick boots, a blue flannel suit, and a poke bonnet of rough straw, trimmed with blue ribbons, and gone out to Lake Molechunkamunk.

Uncle Paul was glad to see her. He didn't live in a wigwam, as she had almost taught herself to believe, but owned a pretty little lodge in this vast wilderness, shaded with forest trees, and embowered with blue-cupped morning-glories.

He was civilized, and did not assassinate English grammar like the champion hunter in the dime novels. And he had provided a pretty little boudoir for her, whose pink mosquito-netting set the black flies and gnats at defiance, and an exquisite engraving of the Madonna di San Sisto hung over the broad mantle.

"Oh, I think I shall be quite, quite happy here," said Gladys, as she sat in a little boat where the drooping boughs of the hazel bushes made blots of shadow on the glittering lake, and read while Uncle Paul fished.

"Don't regret any of the New York cavaliers, eh?!" said Uncle Paul.

And Gladys stoutly answered:

"No!"

But afterward she asked herself, had she told the whole truth?

"If Darrell Mandeville chooses to marry Miss Dorrance, let him," she thought. I shall never pursue any man. Let other girls do as they think fit."

That very afternoon, however, when she returned from a long ramble in the woods, with her straw hat full of blackberries, she found the little lodge occupied.

"I am sorry to take you thus unceremoniously by storm," said a handsome, middle-aged gentleman, who looked to be what he was, a Wall street broker come out into the wilderness for his summer vacation. "But my friend has fallen over a cliff and broken his leg, and this was the nearest point of shelter within a range of seven miles. Perhaps your husband will excuse us, if—"

"But it isn't my husband," said Gladys, composedly depositing the berries on the table. "It is my Uncle Paul. He is fishing, up the lake. But if he were here, he would say, as I do that you are very welcome. Where is the poor man? I am not much of a surgeon, but—"

She stopped abruply. There, lying on the little chintz-covered lounge, his pallid face supported by cushions, lay—Mr. Darrell Mandeville.

"Miss Garland!" he exclaimed. "I am so glad!"

"Mr. Mandeville," she uttered, in the same breath, "I am so sorry!"

"Because I have drifted here, of all places in the world!" he pleaded.

"Because you are so badly hurt!" faltered Gladys, with the tears coming into her eyes.

"I knew you were somewhere in this region," he said. "In fact, Miss Gladys, I was looking for you. But I didn't expect to find you just now, and thus, I thought—"

And then he closed his eyes; a deadly pallor crept across his face.

"I think he has fainted," said the Wall street broker.

And just then Uncle Paul came in—Uncle Paul, who was a born chirurgeon, and who understood all the healing secrets of the glen and forest—and Gladys heaved a deep sigh of relief. It would all be right now.

A broken leg is no joke, especially in the back woods, where splints have to be manufactured out of the most incongruous material, and arnica cannot be had short of twelve miles.

Mr. Mandeville made but a slow convalescence, yet he did not appear to regard the detention as unpleasant. The Wall street broker went back to his stocks and bonds.

"I think we could easily get you to Andover," he had said, wistfully. "And a parlor-car from there—"

"Oh, hang your parlor-cars!" said Mr. Mandeville, impetuously. "I am doing very well where I am now."

"Oh!" said the Wall street broker, a sudden light of comprehension irradiating his dull brain. "Oh, in that case I may as well leave you to your fate! It's the old story of Ulysses and the Sirens over again."

* * * * *

Mrs. Templeton came into the room where Dora and Juliet were remodeling their white dresses for a theatre party to the Casino, one September day, with flushed cheeks and shining eyes.

"Girls," she cried, "what do you think? Gladys is engaged!"

"To some buffalo hunter?" said Dora, scornfully.

"No!" said Rosie. "To Mr. Mandeville. He has been up there for a month—at Lake Molechunkamunk."

Juliet dropped her work.

"Impossible!" she cried. "Gladys engaged up in those wildernesses, while Dora and I are left to wither on the stem down here in New York! And to Darrell Mandeville, too—the best match of the season!"

"Things do turn out so strangely!" said Mrs. Templeton, reflectively.

And Gladys, the predestined old maid of the family, was the first to be married, after all.

"Gladys always was lucky!" said her two sisters.—*Saturday Night.*

Coloring Diamonds.

Some very interesting and important experiments with diamonds have recently been made at the Paris academy of sciences. An experienced diamond merchant bought a fine white diamond for four thousand six hundred dollars. One morning he washed it with soap and water, when what was his consternation to find that it had turned yellow, which sent its value down to eight hundred dollars. The matter was brought to the attention of the academy, and experts submitted a report which showed that diamond whitening is a fraud easy to accomplish and as easy to detect. By plunging a yellow diamond into an aniline violet dye it becomes white, while at the same time it loses neither its transparency nor brilliancy. In fact, on making the experiment, the experts had in a few minutes transformed several yellow stones into what appeared magnificent white stones of five-fold value. Take a yellow diamond, dip it even into no stronger dye than violet ink, wash it with water to remove any discoloration, and the effect is immediate. The dried diamond remains white. But, on the other hand, the illusion is of short duration. Rub the stone even lightly, and the yellow tint is seen coming back again, and a little further attrition with the finger restores the pristine hue completely. This discovery may entail upon many persons an awakening to the fact that the stones they have are of far less value than they supposed, and will necessitate even greater care than that exercised in purchasing. Douglas Jerrold once raised the question whether any possession really paid its possessor which entails anxiety of mind, and diamonds, in one way or another, entail so much that there are many to whom the great value set upon them becomes almost incomprehensible.

Two Hatches.

One day, when our Rufus Hatch was waiting at the depot, on his recent excursion, for a train, he heard his name pronounced, and discovered that it was applied to a man who seemed a bit under the influence of liquor. Walking up to him, Rufus asked:

"Is your name Hatch?"

"You bet!"

"So is mine. Perhaps we are distantly related."

The man looked him all over, rubbed his eyes and looked again, and finally replied:

"It's so blamed distant that I'll never own it."—*Wall Street News.*

THE RURAL MASSES IN CHINA.

Hopeless Poverty—Early Marriages—Joint Family System.

A family, C. D., consisting of eight persons, owns an acre and a half of land. The land was bought by the grandfather of the present head and has never been subdivided since nor added to. He grows about seventy bushels of rice and seventy-five of wheat and some vegetables and cotton besides, worth altogether in money about $40. He has two nephews who work outside and bring home something to help, and in that way they get along, but are very poor. He pays government land tax to the extent of $1.50 a year. He and all his neighbors wear native blue cloth, spun and woven in the family by the women from cotton grown by themselves. He never wore foreign cotton. The coat he had on (a well-worn affair) had been made two years previously, and it would last two years more. It served him at night as a coverlet as well as a coat by day.

Another family owned four acres odd, only part of which was suitable for rice culture. Their income was about eighty bushels of wheat and 150 of rice, about a fourth of which they could usually sell. They paid something over $3 a year as government land tax. They also grew more cotton than they could use, and sold every year about $10 worth. They were better off than some of their neighbors, but never saved any money. They had fifteen mouths to feed.

The foregoing cases are given because they represent fairly the average condition to be found in rural China. The greater number of cultivators probably belong to the class of tenants. Some say the proportion of tenants to peasant proprietors is as seven to three; others put it as three to two; but, whether tenant or proprietor, the condition of the cultivator is much the same—that is, it rarely rises above what is just enough for the bare necessaries of life. My own observations have been mostly confined to this and the adjoining provinces, and I excluded the cultivators of tea, silk and opium, who, growing a commodity more and more in demand and easily transportable, are in a far better position than the ordinary peasant; but speaking for the greater part of China, I believe I am not over-stating the case in saying that for the working agricultural masses it is a daily hand to hand struggle with want. In a succession of good years they are very comfortable, they have enough to eat and to wear, and they have few other wants; but population is ever increasing up to the food limit, and when a bad year or two comes they die off by hundreds or thousands.

Two or three causes may readily be named as having mainly conduced to this state of things—causes which are generally to be found among Asiatic races. The rule prohibiting the devolution of property by will, and making division compulsory among all male children, tends rapidly to reduce all holdings to a minimum—that is, to the very lowest quantity out of which it is possible to make a living. Here, as everywhere else, energy and good luck raise individuals to a position of wealth, who may, if they choose, become large land owners; but in the course of a few generations this universal equaliser, aided by the apathy of the ordinary Chinese when in comfortable circumstances, will have reduced things to the former dead level. Another equally potent factor is the habit of too early marriages. Parents deem it a religious duty to provide matches for their children as soon as they are of marriageable years, and the young people go to the altar in as much the same way as they go to school in Europe. It never occurs to them to ask first whether there will be enough to fill the mouths that may come afterwards. The evil is further aggravated by the joint family system, which takes the responsibility off one's shoulders and puts it jointly on that of half a dozen others. When the man knows that he will get an equal share of what is going whether he earns it or no, and that the benefit of denying himself any particular indulgence will accrue to others as well as to himself, a great motive for thrift is withdrawn.

In one respect the Chinese peasant is in a better condition than the Indian ryot; he is not in debt to money-lenders. But I do not know that that is a virtue for which he is entitled to much credit, for there is no class of money-lenders to whom he could get in debt. Indeed, I am not sure that he is not thereby in a less adventageous position, for when hard years come he has no means of pledging his property, which, if he could, might save him from sheer starvation.

Florida has 630 factories, working 2,749 hands, with a capital invested $1,697,030.

An Imperial Hog.

Peter the great must have been a pleasant companion at dinner. When he and his consort dined together they were waited on by a page and the empress' favorite chambermaid. Even at larger dinners he bore uneasily the presence and service of what he called listening lacqueys. His taste was not an imperial one. He loved, and most frequently ordered, for his own especial enjoyment, a soup with four cabbages in it; gruel; pig, with some cream for sauce; cold roast meat, with pickled cucumbers or salad; lemons and lampreys; salt meat, ham and Limburgh cheese. Previously to addressing himself to the "consummation" of this supply he took a glass of aniseed water. At his repast he quaffed quass, sort of beer, which would have disgusted an Egyptian, and he finished with Hungarian or French wine. He is described as "eating rudely with a sort of swilling noise," a quite appropriate accompaniment of such an imperial hog's feeding.

But Peter wasn't a crank at his meals alone. Strange stories are told of his brutal and ferocious eccentricities. On one occasion, for instance, Peter and his consort arrived at Stuthof, in Germany, for the night. The owner of the country house at which they stopped readily agreed to give them a small bedroom, the selection of which had been made by the emperor himself. It was a room without stove or fireplace, had a brick floor, the walls were bare, and the season being one of rigorous winter a difficulty arose as to warming this chamber. The host soon solved the difficulty. Several casks of brandy were emptied on the floor, the furniture being first removed, and the spirit was then set fire to. The Czar screamed with delight as he saw the sea of flames and smelled the odor of Cognac. The fire was no sooner extinguished than the bed was replaced, and Peter and Catherine straightway betook themselves to their repose, and not only slept profoundly all night in this gloomy bower, amid the fumes and steams of burnt brandy, but rose in the morning thoroughly refreshed and delighted with their couch and the vapors which had curtained their repose.

From that time forth a preparative to repose with Peter was to fumigate his chamber with burnt brandy.

Principal Battles of the War.

Following are the dates of the principal battles of the civil war, who commanded in each, and the number killed on both sides:

Bull Run (first), July 21, 1861; North, Gen. McDowell: killed, 481; South Gen. Beauregard; killed, unknown. Shiloh, April 7, 1862; North, Gen. Grant; killed, 1735; South, Gen. A. S. Johnston; killed, 1728. Seven Pines and Fair Oaks, May 31 and June 1 1862; North, Gen. McClellan; killed 890; South, Gen. J. E. Johnston; killed 2800. Antietam, Sept. 16 and 17, 1862 North, Gen. McClellan; killed, 2010 South, Gen. Lee; killed, 3500. Chancellorsville, May 2 and 3, 1864; North Gen. Hooker; killed, 1512; South Gen. Jackson; killed, 1581. Gettysburg, July 1, 2 and 3, 1863; North Gen. Meade; killed, 2834; South Gen. Lee; killed, 3500. Vicksburg July 3 and 4, 1863; North, Gen. Grant; killed, 545; South, Gen. Pemberton; killed, unknown. Chickamauga, Sept. 19–23, 1863; North, Gen. Thomas, killed, 1644; South, Gen. Bragg; killed, 2389. Wilderness, May 5, 6 and 7, 1864; North, Gen. Grant; killed, 5597; South, Gen. Lee; killed, 2000 Spottsylvania, May 8–21, 1864; North Gen. Grant; killed, 4177; South, Gen. Lee, killed, 1000. The above figures are based on medical official returns, and do not agree with returns of the Adjutant General. No two return agree. The Adjutant General makes the killed at Wilderness 2261, and at Spottsylvania 2270; while Gen. Meade's report, based on reports immediately after the battle, states killed at Wilderness at 3288; at Spottsylvania, 2146.

Something of Hotel Life.

Gossipping about the hotels of New York and the costly habits which they stimulate, the "Lounger" of the *Tribune* touches upon a hidden feature of hotel life thus: "Many a guest is in debt and cannot get away from his hotel. Many a woman, apparently independent and fortunate, is wondering while she smiles with visitors, how she can get her trunks away from the establishment, and what person in the house she shall strike for a loan and at what sacrifice. People often look into the tenement houses and think that the people must live very miserable there, but I wonder if they are not happier homes than some of these large hotels, where every week comes the reprimand that $200 or more is due and the rules of the house imperative."

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Some men give according to their means, and some according to their meanness.

Value the friendship of him who stands by you in the storm.

The weak sinews become strong by their conflict with difficulties.

No man should part with his own inviduality and become that of another.

Men must be decided on what they will not do, and they are able to act with vigor in what they ought to do.

A shrewd observor once said that in walking the streets of a slippery morning, one might see where the good natured people lived, by the ashes thrown on the ice before the door.

There are a set of malicious, prating, prudent gossips, both male and female, who murder characters to kill time; and who will rob a young fellow of his good name before he has years to know the value of it.

If you cannot be happy in one way be in another, and this facility of disposition wants but little aid from philosophy, for health and good humor are almost the whole affair. Many run about after felicity like an absent man hunting for his hat, while it is in his hand or on his head.

Personality of Locomotives.

"No two engines are alike—I mean as regards their character," said an engineer to a reporter.

"Locomotives have a character, then, have they?"

"They have, indeed. They have their peculiarities, and their ways and their moods also. On every railroad this fact is understood, and each engine has its engineer, who finds the longer he drives his iron horse the more he has to learn about her. Sometimes she is erratic as a woman; and for no apparent cause. Sometimes a higher pressure is necessary to make her go, sometimes under low head she will fly. And then again, under the same conditions, she kicks and spurts like a balky horse. I have taken out my machine on the Fort Wayne, and put her through the run one day at forty miles like a lady. The next day it often happens she'll kick and bump, and has to be forced into going. It's all according to the way she feels. However, an engineer learns his engine's peculiarities, and knows how to control them, and if she has any speed he can get it out of her."

Wonders in Store.

Remarkable as have been the advances in the uses to which electricity can be put, according to Professor Melville Bell, the future has even greater surprises in store for us. He thinks the time will come when electrical and telephone messages will be sent without wires. The message bearer will be the rays of the sunlight. The so-called electrical action is simply vibrations in the air, which produce certain results at different points; and Professor Bell is of the opinion that inventive genius will yet enable us to make use of the imponderable agents to transmit messages between distant localities. Indeed, there are enthusiasts who now think that we will ultimately be able to communicate with sentient beings in other planets. It has been demonstrated that the materials which compose the heavenly bodies are identical, and it is a fair inference that creatures corresponding to our own race, with the same kind of faculties, people them. If so, we may perhaps yet have a friendly chat with the inhabitants of Venus and Mars, and probably other worlds in solar systems beyond our own.—*Christian at Work.*

Fuel.

In a paper recently read before the Paris Academy of Sciences, some very interesting facts were given in regard to the various materials used as fuel, with some of which our readers are probably not familiar. Fossil resin, which has the appearance of yellow amber, is obtained from the auriferous alluvium of New Grenada. Egyptian asphalt leaves after burning a red ash, which is oxide of iron. Judea pitch is found floating in lumps on the surface of the Dead Sea. Samples of pitch from China are obtained from bore holes which the Chinese put down for the purpose of procuring salt. These holes, which are usually about 300 fathoms deep and three-quarters of an inch in diameter, are bored with an iron rope, and the salt water is raised by a bamboo rod with a valve at the bottom. When the bore hole is put down to a still greater depth, considerable quantities of inflammable gas issues from it, and the gas is utilized in lighting up the work and also for firing the steam boilers, the Chinese being practical and wide awake in this as in many other things.

The Mother.

Though lost in the whirlpool of passion,
Though high on the pathway to fame,
When hopes of our innocent childhood
Have melted away to a name,
One thought, like a gem amid ruins,
Will dazzle our eyes with its joy,
And bring back the sweet words she uttered:
"You'll think of your mother, my boy."

You'll think of the love that she showered,
Unfailing by day and by night;
You'll sigh for the sweet, good-night kisses,
The eyes with their meek, loving light!
And whether life's pathway be pleasant,
Or robbed of each rosebud of joy,
Your heart back to her still will journey—
You'll think of your mother, my boy!

Wherever the smiles of a mother
Have relightened a heart and its care,
God's blessing has hallowed that roof-tree!
A glimpse of sweet heaven is there!
Though further the years lure us onward,
They cannot her mem'ry destroy;
In silence and tears all unbidden
You'll think of your mother, my bo.

HUMOROUS.

"That prisoner has a very smooth countenance," said the judge to the sheriff. "Yes," said the sheriff, "he was ironed just before he was brought in."

A sherry cobbler will never mend your old shoes.

A regular kidnapper — Soothing syrup.

Why the rabbits escaped.—His lordship (after missing his tenth rabbit): "I'll tell you what is, Bagster, your rabbits are all two inches too short hereabouts."

"No, sir," said Fogg, "I never knew Brown to mislead or deceive anybody in his life. No, sir; fact is, he couldn't. Nobody would believe anything he ever said."

Little Aggie's sister had invited her best young man to tea. There was a lull in the conversation, which was broken by the inquisitive Aggie: "Papa, is dose fedders ober Mr. Wobbinson's mouf?"

"Yes," said the drummer, watching a rival at a hotel; "it's his first trip this way. Don't you see, he isn't on flirting terms with the table girl?"

A young man who went to the late war began his first letter to his sweetheart after this fashion: "My dear Julia—Whenever I am tempted to do wrong I think of you, and I say, 'Get thee behind me, Satan.'"

Sick man—"What! a female physician? I want a doctor, to make me well—not a woman, to make love to me." Female physician (bashfully)—'I promise to do neither."

"Gentlemen," said the Texas man in the restaurant when the waiter dumped a plate of hot soup down his back, "gentlemen, don't laugh." As he had risen to his feet and drawn two revolvers his wishes were respected.

A Cuban Execution.

Arriving at the foot of the platform the death sentence was again read, and the "alguacil de corte" corresponding to our sheriff—asked the prisoner if he had anything to say to the people. He merely shook his head, by way of reply, and was at once seated, his legs tied, and his arms pinioned, with the hands crossed on his breast, and the collar of the garrote fixed about his neck. At this point of the proceedings the "verdugo" pulled from his person a long, bright knife, and handed it to the police who were present. A black cap was then drawn over the prisoner's face, and the priests began to recite the "Credo." When they came to the words, "His only Son," the "verdugo," by a swift and dexterous turn of the lever, launched the soul of the poor wretch into eternity. There was but a momentary quiver of the limbs and a straightening of the form, then all was still, for the man was stone dead. The mode of punishment is far more merciful than the hideous and bungling performances frequently gone through with at our gibbets.

The troops then wheeled into column and marched away to beat of drums, and now came the strange sequel to this dismal spectacle.

As soon as the ground was cleared one of the police went forward and, seizing the "verdugo," arrested him for murder, hurrying him to the prison where the "Juzgado" were still assembled. Placing him in their midst he accused him of having killed a man, and denounced him as a murderer. The judge asked him what he had to say in answer to this charge.

"It is true," replied the "verdugo," "that I killed the prisoner, but I deny being a murderer, for, although I committed the act charged," displaying his arms with the badge, "I did it in the cause of justice and in pursuance of the law, all of which I was compelled to do by virtue of my office."

"The accused is innocent, and is discharged," answered the court, and thus the formula of Spanish law was satisfied.—*Philadelphia Press.*

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1., 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs. B. Hengst and H. A. Benfer, Preach's

Rev. H. A. Benfer will preach next Sunda morning, English.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.—D. L. ZERBY, Supt.

Missionary Society meets on the third Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Regular services next Sunday evening In the absence of Pastor Adams Rev. C. F. Gephart will fill the pulpit.

Sunday School at 10½ A. M.—D. A Musser, Sup't

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning Gurnin.

Miss society meets regularly on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

United Brethren.

Rev J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School, 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander, Supt

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Sunday School at 9 A.M. B. O. Deininger, Supt.

The Augsburg Bible Class meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

Presbyterian.

Rev. W. K. Foster, Pastor.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. E. W. MAUCK, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. H. B. HARTMAN, Sec. SAM. WEISER, JR. Pres.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1883.

DISTRICT.		NAME.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte	N. W.	J. M. Keichline,	Bellefonte
"	S. W.	Chas Smith,	"
"	W. W.	S. A. McQuistion,	"
Howard	boro.	Ira C. Leathers,	Howard
Milesburg	"	James P. Jones,	Milesburg
Millheim	"	F. P. Musser,	Millheim
Philipsburg	1 W.	C. G. Hertlinger,	Philipsburg
"	2 W.	Sol Schmidt,	"
"	3 W.	A. V. Carpenter,	"
Unionville	boro.	P. J. McDonald,	Fleming
Benner	twp.	Wm. Ishler,	Bellefonte
Bogus	"	Frank F. Adams,	Milesburg
Burnside	"	Henry Meeker,	Pine Glenn
College	"	John Roop,	Lemont
Curtin	"	John McCloskey,	Roland
Ferguson	O. P.	J. T. McCormick,	Stae College
"	N. P.	L. W. Walker,	Rock Springs
Gregg	S. P.	John Coldron,	Spring Mills
"	N. P.	Wm. Luce,	Farmers' Mills
Haines	E. P.	L. B. Slover,	Woodward
"	W. P.	Geo. Bower,	Aaronsburg
Half Moon	twp.	J. H. Griffin,	Stormstown
Harris	"	D. W. Meyer,	Boalsburg
Howard	"	John Glenn,	Howard
Huston	"	John L. Miles,	Julian
Liberty	"	James P. Leiun,	Blanchard
Marion	"	J. J. Hoy,	Walker
Miles	"	Ellis Shafer,	Madisonburg
Patton	"	Agnew Sellers, Jr	Filmore
Penn	"	P. H. Glover,	Coburn
Potter	N. P.	D. J. Meyer,	Centre Hall
"	S. P.	Samuel Sack,	Tusseyville
Rush	N. P.	William Cullen,	Philipsburg
"	S. P.	J. T. Everly,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe	twp.	Wm. R. Haynes,	Snow Shoe
Spring	"	E. C. Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor	"	Hepburn Blowers,	Fowler
Union	"	S. K. Emerick,	Fleming
Walker	"	Jos. Emerick,	Hublersburg
Worth	"	M. S. Spotts,	Port Matilda

WM. C. HEINLE, Chairman.

W. MILES WALKER, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL.
COL. ROBERT TAGGART,
OF WARREN COUNTY.

FOR STATE TREASURER.
HON. JOSEPH POWELL,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
W. C. Heinle,
OF BELLEFONTE.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
Dr. J. R. Smith,
OF FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Ellis L. Orvis,
OF BELLEFONTE.

DEMOCRATS, TO THE POLLS!

The election takes place next Tuesday and every Democrat should well consider its great importance. The state officers to be elected are Auditor General and State Treasurer, the county officers Associate Judge, District Attorney and County Surveyor. The candidates placed in nomination by the Democracy both of state and county for these several positions are all men eminently fit and they deserve the united support of the party. Better and purer men than Capt. Taggart, for Auditor General and Hon. Joseph Powell, for State Treasurer, were never placed before the people for their suffrages, while Dr. Smith, for Associate Judge, W. C. Heinle, for District Attorney and Ellis L. Orvis, for County Surveyor, are all worthy men and possess qualifications of a high order for the respective offices for which they are candidates.

But it is not for mere personal reasons that the election is important far more than usual. The question is not only who shall enjoy the benefits of office. Great principles of government, great questions that involve the welfare of the state and nation will be passed upon by the voters of this great commonwealth next Tuesday.

First as to the disposition of the surplus funds in the state treasury. The Humes law, a democratic measure, provides that the public monies shall be invested in United States or state securities, so that the interest may accrue to the benefit of the people. But the Republican state officers continue to violate the wholesome law, flagrantly and openly, by depositing large sums in favorite banks. In this way alone thousands of dollars are lost to the tax-payers every year. But if Taggart and Powell are elected this outrage will stop and people will get their own.

Secondly as to the unconstitutional and revolutionary course of the Republicans in the state senate. The refusal of these men to apportion the state into congressional, senatorial and legislative districts, as they are bound and sworn to do, has already cost the state nearly half a million dollars and the end is not yet. If the Democrats had but a single majority in the senate this vast sum would have been saved to the people. Democrats, repudiate these bosses who daily violate the constitution and their oaths of office and trample your sacred rights into the dust with impunity.

And lastly, the election next Tuesday is but the skirmish to the great impending battle of 1884. If Pennsylvania but follows the noble example of Ohio, the Presidential election of next year will be virtually decided in advance, in favor of the Democratic candidates, *this year.*

To the polls, then, Democrats! Let neither work nor business keep you away. Come early and vote early, and see to it that your neighbor comes too. Give the whole day to the good of the country. A grand, glorious victory is just ahead if you but do your duty. The good work begun a year ago must be completed.

TO THE POLLS, DEMOCRATS! ONE AND ALL.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CASSIDAY has taken legal steps to bring the commissioners of the sinking fund into court and compel them to obey the Humes law in relation to the investment of state monies. The people will strongly endorse the action of our able and fearless Attorney General.

OHIO politicians of the republican persuasion are coming down like a flood upon President Arthur, since their recent defeat. They want office, place, position, spoils, these modest Ohio statesmen, and poor Arthur is expected to take care of them all.

THE democratic victory in Ohio was greater than at first appeared. Hoadley's plurality over Foraker is 12,529, and he has a majority over all other candidates of 1,383. This is the first time in thirty years that the democrats have had a clear majority of the whole vote of the state.

A Cordial Reception Everywhere.

"There sit the next auditor general and next state treasurer talking to Senator Hall," said a gentleman to a PATRIOT reporter in the Bolton house lobby yesterday. He pointed to Captain Taggart and Mr. Powell as he spoke, and added: "You have no idea of the cordial reception those gentlemen meet with everywhere over the state. I have tested the general sentiment, and find it is with them very strong." Captain Taggart and Mr. Powell were at Lewistown last evening.—*Patriot*, Oct. 24th ult.

CAMERON STILL THE ISSUE.

Why the Republicans of the Legislature Refuse Democratic Apportionments.

From Lieut. Gov. Black's Speech at York, Oct. 22nd ult.

It is said by the Republican leaders that Mr. Cameron is not in this contest, that the boss has been banished and his slaves emancipated. But whose order is it that paralyzes the Constitution of this free Commonwealth? By whose mandate and in whose interest do thirty Senators refuse to apportion the State and decline even to confer with the nearer representatives of the people? The truth is Mr. Cameron is himself the main issue involved in this struggle at Harrisburg, and if you sustain his Senatorial body guard by your ballots you will insure his return to the United States Senate, the sole object of their contumacy. The boss banished! Banished when his personal interests are placed above the right of nearly five millions of people to just representation! Banished when even the law which interferes with the old management of the Treasury is treated with mere contempt in flagrant violation of the statute, great treasury balances still lie at usury for the benefit of the pampered favorites of the ring! Ah, no! The boss will go only when the Federalist-Republican party has gone; when you have wrested the State Treasury from his grasp; when next fall you drive his majority from the State Senate; when you elect a Democratic President, who, like Thomas Jefferson, the first Democratic President, will concur in the abolition of the needless internal revenue system and the reduction of that army of useless officeholders who, appointed by the boss, maintain the boss.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

A Practical Illustration of its Power.

A Mothers Love! What a potent thing it is! It will melt the heart of the most hardened criminal when no other influence would be effectual. None but a mother knows its full meaning, but every one can appreciate it if they will. It is known, though, that it means sleepless nights, care, inconvenience, and if necessary, want, hardships and death. But the subject has been too eloquently treated by the sweetest poets and the ablest writers to furnish an essay for these columns. Too many practical illustrations occur in every day life for it to be dwelt upon, so that it is unnecessary to speak of the subject further in order to make the reader understand the full meaning of what is to follow.

Mrs. Henry Schualen, of Ashland, Ky., writes that her daughter has been cured of deafness which resulted from chronic catarrh. She tells how she had lost all hope of her daughter (her ideal) being cured, and how overjoyed she is at the result. After trying many remedies she says Peruna brought a cure and that the daughter's hearing is restored. She concludes by speaking in the most flattering terms of Peruna, and then describes in the most lovely manner the happiness it has brought her, and reviews the distress she experienced while her daughter was afflicted.

St. Elmo Hotel,
Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

RATES REDUCED TO $2.00 PER DAY.

The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

BEST AND CHEAPEST.

Two Weekly Newspapers for the Price of One.

And the Best Daily at Lowest Rates.

The Harrisburg WEEKLY PATRIOT is a large eight-page sheet and contains a greater variety of reading matter than any other paper published. It is newsy, spicy, instructive and entertaining. The subscription price of the WEEKLY PATRIOT is $1.00 per annum cash in advance.

CLUBBING.

The WEEKLY PATRIOT and New York *Weekly Sun* will be sent to any address, post paid, one year for $1.90; the WEEKLY PATRIOT and New York *Weekly World* to any address, post paid for one year for $1.90; the WEEKLY PATRIOT and Philadelphia Saturday *Record*, post paid, one year for $1.90; the WEEKLY PATRIOT and Philadelphia *Weekly Times*, post paid one year for $2.00. In all cases the cash must accompany the order.

THE DAILY PATRIOT.

Is the only morning paper published at the state capital; the only morning paper outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburg that gets the complete Associated Press news, and that has a general system of special telegrams; and the only daily that reaches the interior towns of Pennsylvania before the Philadelphia and New York papers. The DAILY PATRIOT has been greatly improved in all its departments within the last six months and is now equal in all respects and superior in some to the dailies of the larger cities. Price by mail $6.00 per annum in advance for $7.00 if not paid in advance); $3.00 for six months, in advance; $1.50 for three months, in advance; 50 cents for one month, in advance; to clubs of five, $5.00 per copy per annum; to clubs of ten $4.50 per copy per annum; payable in advance. The DAILY PATRIOT and the Philadelphia *Daily Record* (Sunday edition excepted) will be sent one year to any address for $8.00 cash in advance. Send for specimen copies of the DAILY and WEEKLY PATRIOT. In remitting money for subscription send post office money order, check or draft. Address

PATRIOT PUBLISHING CO.,
320 MARKET STREET,
Harrisburg, Pa.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel Krape, late of Penn township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly proven for settlement.

AARON W. ULRICH.

Penn twp., Oct. 25th, 1883. 6t

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Centre county, the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Thomas Wolf, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, at Wolfe's Store, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22ND, 1883,

The following described valuable REAL ESTATE, viz:

No. 1. All those several tracts or pieces of land situate in Miles township, Centre Co., Pa., and bounded and described as follows: One thereof bounded on the east by lands of Henry Wolfe, Em'l Geiswite and others, south by lands of John Stoner, west by lands of Reuben Kremer and others, and north by lands of Daniel Wolfe, containing 23 acres, more or less, thereon erected two dwelling houses, store house, ware house, stables and other outbuildings.

No. 2. All the right, title and interest in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining land of Benjamin Beck, George Weaver, Moyer and Strohecker and Henry Corman, containing 29 acres and 107 perches.

No. 3. All that certain tract of land situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining lands of the late Jacob Wolf and John Scholl, containing 10 acres and 5 perches and allowance.

No. 4. All the right, title and interest in that certain tract of land, situate in Miles township, aforesaid, bounded by lands of George Brungard, Michael Bower, —— DeLong and Martin Rudy, containing 136 acres, more or less.

TERMS: One third of purchase money on confirmation of sale, one third in one year and the balance in one year thereafter. Deferred payments to bear interest from confirmation of sale, and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M., sharp.

J. R. WOLFE,
ts Administrator.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1	3	5	7	9
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Montandon	7 05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10 05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7 30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.46	10.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00 ar	11.00 ar	2.55		
			le. 3 05		
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.06		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2	4	6	8	10
		A. M.		P. M.	
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6 18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
			A. M.		
Mifflinburg		8.00	11.45	4.15	
			P. M.		
Vicksburg		8.15	12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8.20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30	12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar 1.05	ar. 5.20	ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Space reserved for the new advertisement of

BUNNELL & AIKENS
BELLEFONTE

MUSIC STORE.

SMITH'S GERMAN OLIO!

The Great German Remedy
—FOR—
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver and Kidneys.

For Sale by all Dealers in Medicine, at 50 Cents a Bottle.

Prepared and sold at Wholesale by the

GERMAN OLIO COMPANY,
(LIMITED,)
32 Willow Street, Williamsport, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA WHOLESALE AGENCY:
Johnston, Holloway & Co., 602 Arch St.
Smith, Kline & Co.,
309 & 311 NORTH THIRD STREET.

S. R. KAMP,
—Watchmaker & Jeweler,—
MILTON, PA.
OFFERS SPECIAL BARGAINS
—IN—
Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold and Silver
Watches,

Plated Chains AND Jewelry,
ELEGANT LINE OF
Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold Rings.
FINE LARGE STOCK OF
SILVER WARE,
!! All Guaranteed of Best Make !!!

Goods sent to responsible parties to select from Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. All kinds of repairing promptly done. Goods to be repaired can be sent by mail and will be returned in the shortest possible time.

All kinds of Gold and Hair Jewelry made to order.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

W. T. Mauck & Son's
CIRCULAR LETTER
ON
FURNITURE, WALL PAPERS AND
DECORATIONS.

We take pleasure in informing our friends and customers that we have on hand the most complete Stock of Furniture ever brought to this town or valley, consisting in

Parlor Suites, Chamber Suites, Dining Room Furniture, Tables, Stands, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Springs of every description, Hair, Cotton, Husk and Straw Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges, Cradles, Hall Stands, Centre Tables, Easy Chairs, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Mirrors, Frames, ——What-Nots, Etc., Etc.——

Our stock of

WALL PAPERS & DECORATIONS

are entirely new patterns, and customers calling at our shops will after examination find that we are prepared to suit all tastes and fancies. The leading Wall Paper manufacturers are designing and printing papers so far in advance of those in former years, that we can now show styles of

PAPER HANGINGS

to customers that will improve their homes so much that they will not be without them.

PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST!

Earnestly soliciting a kind patronage we invite the public to call and inspect the goods at our shops.

Penn St., MILLHEIM, Penna.

W. T. MAUCK & SON.

"No lady can get along without it."—*Detroit (Mich.) Advertiser.*

CHEAPEST AND BEST.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE!

Splendid Premiums FOR Getting up Clubs. { Illustrated "GOLDEN GIFT." Large-Size Steel-Engraving. Extra Copy for 1884.

FULL-SIZE PAPER PATTERNS.

A SUPPLEMENT *will be given in every number for 1884, containing a full size pattern for a lady's or a child's dress. Every subscriber will receive, during the year, twelve of these patterns—worth more, alone, than the subscription price.*

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE is the *best and cheapest* of the lady's-books. It gives more for the money, and combines greater merits, than any other. In short, it has the

BEST STEEL ENGRAVINGS, BEST ORIGINAL STORIES,
BEST COLORED FASHIONS, BEST WORK-TABLE PATTERNS
BEST DRESS PATTERNS, BEST MUSIC, ETC., ETC.

Its immense circulation and long-established reputation enable its proprietor to distance all competition. Its stories, novelets, etc., are admitted to be the best published. *All the most popular female writers* contribute to it. In 1884, more than 100 original stories will be given, besides SIX COPYRIGHT NOVELETS—by Ann S. Stephens, Mary V. Spencer, Frank Lee Benedict, Lucy H. Hooper, the author of "Josiah Allen's Wife," and the author of "The Second Life."

COLORED STEEL FASHION-PLATES!

"PETERSON" is the only magazine that gives these. They are TWICE THE USUAL SIZE, and are unequaled for beauty. Also, Household, Cookery, and other receipts; articles on Art Embroidery, Flower Culture, House Decoration—in short, everything interesting to ladies.

TERMS, ALWAYS IN ADVANCE, $2.00 PER YEAR.

UNPARALLELED OFFERS TO CLUBS.

2 Copies for $3.50 } With a superb Illustrated Volume: "The Golden Gift," or a large-size
3 " 4.50 } costly steel-engraving, "Tired Out," for getting up the Club.
4 Copies for $6.50 } With an extra copy of the Magazine for 1884, as a premium, to the person
6 " 9.00 } getting up the Club.
5 Copies for $8.00 } With an extra copy of the Magazine for 1884, and the "Golden Gift," or the
7 " 10.50 } large steel-engraving, "Tired Out," to the person getting up the Club.

FOR LARGER CLUBS STILL GREATER INDUCEMENTS!

Address, post-paid, CHARLES J. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Specimens sent gratis, if written for, to get up clubs with.

BEE HIVE

BEE HIVE

!!! Special Announcement !!!

We are just opening the largest and decidedly the cheapest lot of goods ever brought to Lock Haven.

DOMESTICS.

Very Best Muslins at 8 cts.
Canton Flannels, worth 15 cts., for 10 cts.
Good Canton Flannel for 6 cts.
Heavy Feather Ticking for 12½ cts.
Heavy Red Twill Flannel for 25 cts.

DRESS GOODS.

We have one of the largest and finest stocks of Dress Goods this side of Philadelphia. An elegant line of cheap goods from 6 cts. up.
Jamestown Cashmeres in all Shades, warranted to wash, only 25 cts.
Black and Colored Cashmeres are fully 25 per cent. lower than regular prices.
You will be surprised how low we sell.

SILKS.

We buy them in one thousand yard lots and warrant every yard not to cut. If they do we give you a new dress. OUR BLACK SILK at $1.00 is as good as most dealers sell at $1.25.

VERY RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

EVERETT & CO.,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

B. HARRIS,
—New Fall and Winter Millinery for Ladies,—
MISSES AND CHILDREN.
Ladies' and Misses' Ready-Made Coats and Dolmans in latest Styles.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS, GERMANTOWN, ZEPHYR AND SAXONY WOOLS,
AND AN ENDLESS LINE OF
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.—ALL AT OUR—USUAL LOW PRICES.
224 MARKET STREET, LEWISBURG,

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1., 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT MILLHEIM!

A Democratic meeting will be held in the Town Hall, Millheim, Friday evening, Novbr. 2nd. Hon. B. F. Meyer, of the Harrisburg Patriot, Hon J. H. Fow, of Philadelphia, and Hon. C. Schmitz, of New Jersey, will be present to address their fellow-citizens on the political questions of the day. The speakers are all men of high character and ability. Democrats of the valleys, turn out force.

W. C. HEINLE,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

—Election!

—Sale bills.

—School books.

—Scrap pictures.

—Corn Husking.

—Variable weather.

—Lots of soft corn.

—Tax Receipt Books.

—Rockford Stockings and Mittens.

—Come to Millheim to-morrow night.

—Democrats do your duty on Tuesday.

—Fine Job Work at the Journal Office.

—Democratic meeting to-morrow night.

—The Musser Hunting Company is out again.

—Democrats, do not forget the meeting to-morrow night.

—E. M. Brumgard is cosily housed in Dr. Stam's new house.

—Ed Mauck is still the boss paper hanger, by the latest returns.

—John Sankey has rebuilt his shoe grease factory in Mifflinburg.

—A family in Union county has gathered fifty bushels of shellbarks.

—Some very fine monuments can now be seen at the Millheim Marble Works.

—Representative Meyer favored the JOURNAL with a short call on Monday evening.

—Mr. P. P. Leitzell again moved to town last week—into the mill house, Strasburg.

—The mercantile house of Dinges, Vonada & Co., is growing rapidly in public favor.

—John Kerstetter "pinted" the walls of the Lutheran church. John puts on the fine *pints*.

—Rev. W. H. Schoch and family, of Jersey Shore, Pa., were here visiting at S. D. Musser's last week.

—A fearful amount of coal is being hauled from Coburn—enough to warm up the whole world, it seems.

—The butchering season approaches. Guess the Sunday morning hog committee will soon begin its work.

—Jeremiah Snavely will offer a valuable small farm at public sale, situate near Wolf's Store, Nov. 23rd instant.

—Meyers, Fow & Schmitz are the speakers at the democratic meeting to-morrow night. Come and hear them.

—The heirs of Jacob Neese will offer their farm near Penn Hall at public sale, Saturday November 3rd. See Posters.

—Our standing building committee is doing its work nobly in overseeing the work that is going on here and there.

—That staunch, solid old business man, Mr. Henry Fiedler, has just received a large stock of fall and winter goods.

—You can't cure rheumatism by "rubbing it in" with liniments. Try Smith's German Olio and *drive it out* of the system.

—Mrs. Jonathan Harter raised the boss radish of the season this year. It is 23 inches long, 14 inches in circumference and weighs 5 pounds and 10 ounces.

—Yes, the cider came and the printer is safe on that score; but our pile of winter apples is still small. About ten bushels more would be very acceptable.

—Bears are plenty in Clearfield county and a number of them have been shot. In Millheim they are scarce but of a superior brand, and nobody ever thinks of shooting them.

—J. R. Wolfe, administrator, will again offer the valuable real estate of the late Thomas Wolfe, in Miles township, at public sale, Nov. 15th. See notice in another column.

—The Presbyterian congregation of Milton will present Mr. Louis Ettinger, son of Wm. Ettinger, formerly of Aaronsburg, with a solid silver cornet worth $125. Mr. Ettinger is to use the cornet in the choir of said congregation.

—It is thought that the Bellefonte, Nittany & Lemont Rail Road, of which the Hon. L. A. Mackey is President and Vanderbilt the projector, will be put under contract shortly.

—Our school board has concluded to build a high board fence along the rear end of the school house lot in order to keep the pupils out of the "swamp" that borders the premises.

—The Bellefonte *Republican* thinks that A. O. Furst, Esq., of that place would make a "scholarly, firm, conscientious and able President Judge." Brother Tuten hits it the *Furst* guess.

—A member of the school board requests the JOURNAL to state that the Grammar School will not open until Wednesday morning the 7th instant. The other schools begin on Monday next.

—Hon. J. H. Fow, of Philadelphia, is a stranger to our people, but he is rated high as a stump speaker and the Democracy of the valleys should give him a cordial welcome to-morrow evening.

—"SCHMITZ" sounds a little funny for a man's name—very nearly like *Schmitz*, but he is no doubt a good man and able speaker for all that. In fact we have Mr. Hensel's own word for it, and that is enough.

—John A. Woodward, Esq., of Howard, has accepted the position of assistant editor of the *Farm Journal*, an agricultural paper of great merit and wide circulation. Mr. Woodward is abundantly qualified for the place.

—The Reformed Church is making preparations to celebrate the 400th anniversary of the birthday of Ulrich Zwingly, the great Swiss reformer, who was born Jan 1st, 1484 a few days less than two months after the great Luther.

DID'NT KNOW IT WAS LOADED.—Edward Eoy, aged thirteen, of Carlisle, placed a pistol to his ear on Sunday last and humorously remarked: "How would it feel if it went off?" It did go off, and the lad was buried the next day.

—Read the prospectus of the Harrisburg *Patriot* in another column. The *Patriot* is not only the best Democratic paper in the state but is fast becoming the leading newspaper as well, and the subscription price is as low as any of its class.

—Hon. B. F. Meyer, who is booked as one of the speakers of the Democratic meeting to morrow evening, never was in Millheim before. Our citizens will be happy to see and hear the intelligent and wide-awake editor of the *Harrisburg Patriot*.

—The oldest son of Mr. George Reber of Miles township had the misfortune to cut his big toe off last Tuesday morning, while chopping wood. A physician was called in to sew it on, and the patient is doing pretty well under the circumstances.

—Jacob Kamp, the enterprising shoe man of Lock Haven, now has his big fall and winter stock of boots and shoes. No shoe dealer that we know of keeps better stock than Mr. Kamp, and at no place will customers be better accommodated or get more value for their money. 2t

—On Saturday Col. Wolf and Mrs Deininger returned from their three week's trip to Indiana county and places along the way, well pleased with their journey, particulary with the kind treatment received by friends throughout. They hereby tender their appreciation to the Millheim Cornet Band for the fine serenade on Saturday evening.

—Mr. William Young, the former merchant prince of Mifflinburg, but for some years a resident of Philadelphia, has been financially unfortunate. Recently he has been obliged to confess judgment in favor of the Commercial Bank of Reading, of which he is president and his son cashier, for the sum of $72,357.12. He attributes his misfortune to bad speculations.

—The fine farm of the late John Dutweiler will be offered at public sale by the executors, Saturday Nov. 17th. While the farm itself is a very valuable one, the beautiful spring flowing out from a natural cave of solid limestone, just a few rods from the house, is an additional consideration of importance. Not only is the supply of good, pure water never-failing, but the cave is the best dairy-house in the county.

—On Monday evening after the rain a beautiful sunset produced the finest panorama of nature that was ever seen in this neighborhood. The town and surrounding hills and mountains with their variable autumn foliage were illuminated by the rich yellow light of the setting sun while on the eastern horizon a magnificient rainbow formed a grand centerpiece to this enchanting scene. The beholder of it could not help to be impressed with the grandeur of the Supreme Being reigning in the skies—ruling the universe.

LUTHER CENTENARY SERVICES.—Rebersburg, Sunday, November 4th, 10 A. M.

Logansville, Saturday, November 10th, 10 A. M., and 7 P. M.

Aaronsburg, Sunday, November 11th, 10 A. M.

Millheim, Sunday, November 11th, 2 P. M.

Penns Creek, Sunday, November 11th, 7 P. M.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Rev. J. K. Miller and Rev. A. K. Zimmerman are expected to be present at all these meetings. All are cordially invited.

—President Arthur has designated Thursday, Nov. 29th inst., as the day for National Thanksgiving. Presumably the Governors of the several states will fix upon the same day.

—The meeting at Madisonburg last Tuesday evening was a full-sized democratic rally. The spacious town hall was well filled by an attentive and respectable audience, who were addressed in an able and comprehensive manner by J. L. Spangler and D. F. Fortney, Esqs. The Rebersburg and Millheim Cornet Bands were on hand, discoursing some fine music. It was just the thing to waken up the democrats of that vicinity to do their duty on Tuesday next and Miles township will show that it is an old democratic stronghold.

—Our schools begin on Monday next for the winter term and we fondly hope they may be fully successful; and if teachers, parents and pupils but co-operate harmoniously they will be Many requisites enter into the make up of good schools. Among those of primary importance are competent teachers, proper supervision by the board and regular attendance by pupils. If parents wish to reap the full benefit of school privileges they must see to it that children go *regularly* and that they devote their evenings to a proper preparation of their studies. If there be no system or discipline in this matter both time and money are largely wasted.

—From the Ellsworth (Kansas) News of the 17th ult., we clip the following, which shows that our friend Rev. J. A. Bright stands well in public estimation and especially in the peculiar order of which he has long been an honored member:

Rev. J. A. Bright, pastor of the Lutheran church of this city, was appointed Worthy Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F., of the State of Kansas, at its recent meeting at Topeka. We congratulate our reverend neighbor on this honored appointment. Surely Ellsworth Lodge No. 109. I. O. O. F., with both the Grand Master and Grand Champlain among its members, should be considered in the front.

—Joseph Fansler, a well known citizen, who was born near Millheim and spent his entire lifetime here, died last Thursday night in the 59th year of his age. He was one of the humble of the earth, true, faithful, industrious as but few, harmless and inoffensive as a child. If ever a man lived who was faithful with the *one talent* which his Creator saw fit to give him, that man was Joseph Fansler. He had not an enemy in the world. To him life was but one continous round of toil and frugality. But for all that he may shine in his Saviour's crown as a brighter jewel than many others more gifted with talent or favored by wealth.

—The Luther Memorial at Bellefonte last Friday was a full success notwithstanding the unfavorable weather. The morning session was fairly attended, the afternoon meeting was full, but in the evening the spacious court house was literally packed. Addresses were delivered in the morning by Rev. Samuel Henry, of Mifflinburg, in the afternoon by Rev. Dr. Morris, of Baltimore, and in the evening by Rev P. A. Heilman, of Lock Haven, Rev. John Tomlinson, of Aaronsburg and again by Dr. Morris. The addresses were all good, timely and appropriate to the occasion. That of Dr. Morris especially excelled. The Doctor is not only a ripe, profound scholar, but a speaker of a high order, an elocutionist and rich humorist. His addresses were replete with historic information and spicy anecdotes and incidents of the great Saxon Reformer and the Reformation. The vast audience seemed to enjoy it all with infinite satisfaction and pleasure.

The music was rendered by the Lutheran choir, the Bellefonte Orchestra, under the direction of Miss Ohnmacht, and the Zion Cornet Band. The performances were of a high character and we do not care ever to hear any better. "*Ein feste Burg ist unser Gott*" was given both by the choir and orchestra in a manner truly thrilling.

The exercises throughout were a rich intellectual and musical treat and will long be remembered with pleasure by all present.

IN MEMORIAM.—Mr. George Bollinger, an honored and beloved citizen, departed this life at his home in Aaronsburg, Thursday night, the 25th ult., in the 66th year of his age.

For several years past Mr. Bollinger was an invalid unable to do any work, and for some weeks prior to his death, life hung upon a very slender thread.

Mr. Bollinger was by trade a chair-maker, spinning-wheel-maker and painter. He was an expert mechanic and no man ever made better and neater work. On hundreds of garrets throughout Central Pennsylvania there could to-day be found model spinning wheels made by him, good as ever, but now obsolete, while his excellent chairs will give rest and comfort to hundreds of others, long after his bones have mouldered to dust.

In disposition Mr. Bollinger was industrious, true and honest, kind, gentle, amiable and unassuming. This was his beautiful character as a husband, a father and neighbor. No one ever knew him to be anything different. He was one of the most even-tempered men living.

Above all and better than all, Mr. Bollinger was a christian. As a quiet and humble follower of the meek and lowly Saviour he adorned his profession with a pious, examplary walk and conduct.

Thus lived and died George Bollinger the model mechanic, the true, honest man, the faithful christian. May his memory long be fresh and green in the hearts of his family and kindred, neighbors and friends. And while his disenthralled spirit has taken its flight to the *better land*, may his weary body

"Rest in Peace."

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

Sam shot a deer and is happy.

Mr. Henry Krumine and party are back from the west.

Captain McCool and J. F. Rearick are in their new houses and yet they are not a bit *sassy* to their old friends.

Miss Emma Bolender, a grand-daughter to Henry Krumine, came east to visit relatives.

Our schools opened on Monday and the average boy has stopped loafing during the day. Broad Axe suggests that the boys stay at home in the evenings also and prepare their lessons.

Last Tuesday morning Mr. Jacob W. Hagen, while harnessing a horse was kicked by the animal so severely in the region of the stomach that he died from the effects the same afternoon. He was a steady, examplary young man and his tragic death is much mourned. BROAD AXE.

MARRIED.

On the 25th ult., by Rev. John Tomlinson, Mr. William Fehl, of Clearfield county and Miss Emma Snook, of Wolfe's Store, Centre county.

On the 9th ult., by Rev. W. H. Groh, Mr. Benjamin Stamm, of Boalsburg, and Miss Emma R. Long, of Tusseyville.

DIED.

On the 25th ult., at Aaronsburg, Mr. George Bollinger, aged 65 years, 3 months and 26 days.

Mr. Bollinger was born in Aaronsburg and lived and died in the place of his nativity. He was an afflicted sufferer for nearly two years, but bore his sufferings with patience and resignation to the divine will. He was a regular attendant at public worship while he was well and able to attend. In his death the community has lost a good citizen, his family a faithful father and the church a worthy member. It is hoped that their loss is his eternal gain. J. T.

On the 12th ult., at Burbank, Ohio, Catharine, wife of George Shonp, formerly of Aaronsburg.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old,	1.00
Corn	60
Rye	60
Oats White	35
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.00
Salt, per Bri	1.80
Plaster, ground	
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	20
Hams	16
Sides	12
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	22
Potatoes	35
Lard	14

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$4.75
Stove "	5.00
Chestnut	4.75
Pea	3.25
Pea by the car load	Special Prices.

W. J. SPRINGER,
Fashionable Barber,
Next Door to JOURNAL Store, Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR D. H. MINGLE,
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. JOHN F. HARTER,
Practical Dentist,
Office opposite the Millheim Banking House,
MAIN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA.

ADAM HOY,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Orphans' Court Business a Speciality.

WM. C. HEINLE,
Attorney-at-Law
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts of Centre county. Special attention to Collections. Consultations in German or English.

C. T. Alexander. C. M. Bower.
ALEXANDER & BOWER,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Garman's new building.

J. A. Beaver. J. W. Gephart.
BEAVER & GEPHART,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Alleghany Street, North of High Street

DR. GEO. S. FRANK,
Physician & Surgeon,
SPRING MILLS, PA.
Office in Mr. Philip Shook's residence, near the Spring Mills House.
Professional calls promptly answered. 3m

D. H. Hastings. W. F. Reeder.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, two doors east of the office occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN,
PROPRIETOR.
Good Sample Room on First Floor. Free Buss to and from all trains. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

BUY YOUR
BOOTS & SHOES,
AT
J. KAMP'S
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

CLOUGH & WARREN ORGANS
THE ONLY ORGANS WITH QUALIFYING TUBES GIVING A PIPE ORGAN TONE.
Address, CLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN CO., Detroit, Mich.

We have now opened our very large
NEW STOCK
of Goods, and anything you want in
Dry Goods, Clothing,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Dress Goods, Notions,
Groceries and General Merchandise
can be found at our store at
COBURN
CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!!!
Good as the Best!
Call and see the new things just put on the market.
Dinges, Vonada & Co.

D. H. Lenker,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE,
AARONSBURG, PA.
Chamber Suits, Bureaus, Lounges, Bedsteads, Stands, Marble-Top Centre Tables, Breakfast Tables, Dining Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Sinks and all kinds of Kitchen Furniture, Cane or Wood Seat Chairs. Rockers, Spring Beds, Wire, Wool and Hair Matresses, every style of Mouldings for Picture Frames. Frames of any size made to order.
Undertaking a Specialty.
A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 36-1y

A. SIMON & SONS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
Keep the largest stock in the]
143 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

DRUGS
DRUGS-DRUGS-DRUGS!
NEW
DRUGSTORE
—IN THE—
Spring Mills House,
Spring Mills, Pa.
DRUGS
OF ALL KINDS,
A FULL LINE OF
PATENT MEDICINES,
Strictly Pure Spices,
Toilet Articles, Perfumeries,
Confections, Tobacco & Cigars.
Being an Apothecary of experience Physicians' Prescriptions will be carefully compounded
C. E. AURAND.
DRUGS-DRUGS-DRUGS!
DRUGS

A. HARTER,
Auctioneer,
MILLHEIM, PA.

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the city.)
CORNER OF MAIN AND JAY STREETS,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.
S. WOODS CALDWELL
PROPRIETOR.
Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers on first floor.

PATENTS.
F. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge made unless a patent is secured. Send for circular. tf

ELIAS LUSE. F. D. LUSE.
Elias Luse & Son's
PLANING MILL,
In the rear of the Ev. Church, Penn Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.
—ALL KINDS OF—
PLANING MILL WORK
SUCH AS
Doors, Window Frames & Sash, Shutters & Blinds, Siding, Brackets, Stair Rails, Balustrades, Verandahs,
AND ALL STYLES OF
MOULDING
made to order at the most reasonable prices. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. 36-1y

GO TO
SIMON BROTHERS,
THE BOSS CLOTHIERS
for your Clothing.
45 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

P. H. STOVER,
—DEALER IN—
Clover Seed,
Flour & Feed,
Coal,
Plaster & Salt.
COBURN, PA.
☞HIGHEST MARKET PRICE ALWAYS PAID.
☞A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price
☞Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.
☞The public patronage respectfully solicited. 39ly.

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death; Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indugence. Each box contains one month's treatment $1 a box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.
WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES
To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by EISNER & MENDELSON, 320 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
"PURITAS."
The celebrated vegetable Blood Purifier. It immediately cures Headache, Constipation, Purifies the Skin. Mailed anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents. Unsurpassed for Children.
EISNER & MENDELSON,
320 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Warranted the most perfect Force-Feed Fertilizer Drill in existence. Send for circular, A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
Penasylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Farquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.

Address, A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

STEAM ENGINES,
A. B. FARQUHAR, York Pa.
Cheapest and best for all purposes—simple, strong and durable. SAW, GRIST MILLS AND MACHINERY generally. Inquiries promptly answered. Send for Illustrated Catalogue

Vertical Engines, with or without wheels, very convenient, economical and complete in every detail, best and cheapest Vertical in the world.
Fig. 1. Fig. 1. is Engine in use. Fig. 2 ready for use.
Fig. 2.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

THE FARQUHAR SEPARATOR
(Warranted.)

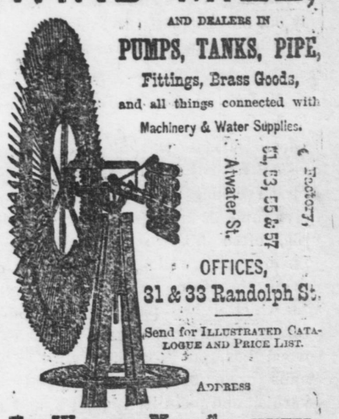
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works York, Pa.
Lightest draft and most simple, economical and perfect in use. Leaves no grain clean. Is ready for market.
Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
FARQUHAR KEYSTONE CORN PLANTER
Warranted the best corn dropper and most perfect force-feed fertilizer distributor in the world.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE. Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

THE
Buchanan Wind Mill
UNEXCELLED FOR
BEAUTY, DURABILITY AND LIGHT RUNNING.

New method of attaching the Sails,
MAKING IT
THE MOST POWERFUL AND DURABLE MILL BUILT.
CHICAGO-BUCHANAN
ALL KINDS OF
TANKS, PIPE, PUMPS, Etc.
Be sure to send for our new Catalogue before buying.
BUCHANAN WIND MILL CO.,
BUCHANAN, MICHIGAN.

D. S. MORGAN & CO.
MANUFACTURE THE

DURABLE LIGHT DRAFT
Triumph Reapers
AND THE NOISELESS
New Clipper Mower.
The TRIUMPH REAPERS are unequaled for simplicity in construction, ease of management, light weight, durability and good working capacity in all conditions of grain.
The NEW CLIPPER has all the advantages of the OLD CLIPPER MOWER with many valuable improvements.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.
Good AGENTS WANTED in unoccupied territory.
D. S. MORGAN & CO.,
Brockport, Monroe Co., N.Y.

WEBSTER M'F'G CO. Limited.
MANUFACTURERS OF
"OUR IMPROVED"
WIND MILL,
AND DEALERS IN
PUMPS, TANKS, PIPE,
Fittings, Brass Goods,
and all things connected with Machinery & Water Supplies.


OFFICES,
31 & 33 Randolph St.
Send for ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST.
ADDRESS
THE WEBSTER MFG CO. LIMITED,
DETROIT, MICH.

PENSIONS For wound, disease or other disability. Widows, minor children and dependent parents entitled when death resulted. Claims reopened, restoration, increase, bounty, back pay and discharges obtained. Apply at once, delay prejudices your rights. Fee fixed by law. Address, with stamp, the old established firm of KIDSON & CO., Attorneys and Claim Agents, 917 F St., Washington, D. C.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT
The Millheim Journal Office
FINE WORK CHEAPLY EXECUTED.

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE OUR NEW fancy work at their homes, in city or country, and earn $6 to $12 per week, making goods for our Fall and Winter trade. Send 15 cents for sample and particulars. HUDSON MFG. CO. 267 SIXTH AVE. NEW YORK.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

M. Victor Saint Paul has placed $5,000 at the disposal of the Paris Academy of Medicine as a prize to any person, whatever may be his vocation or nationality, who shall suceeed in discovering an infallible means of curing diphtheria.

It is expected that the Washington monument will be completed in the spring of 1885. When the 500 vertical feet of masonry, surmounted by a pyramidal cap fifty feet high, have been actually finished, an imposing ceremonial will, of course, be necessary to crown the work, and Washington people are already looking forward to that event.

The nettle is cultivated to some extent in Germany. A thread is obtained from it, the finest known to the trade, so fine that sixty miles in length of it weighs only two and one half pounds. Some scientific farmer of inquiring turn of mind will experiment with the troublesome and much-despised thistle some of these days and discover that it, too, may be useful.

Miss Ada Parker is a girl of nineteen, who lives on a cotton plantation two miles from Monroe, La. For the last four years she has had exclusive charge of the place, upon which her widowed mother, sister and two younger brothers reside, supporting them all by her industry. She is her own overseer, supervising all work done in person, and no brawny son of Ceres knows better how to raise a crop or handle labor.

On board the Pacific mail steamer Australia is a rather venerable Chinaman called John Tuck, who is nearly blind and does only light work. Many years ago one of the company's ships was taking a cargo of gold from California to Hong Kong. A fire broke out, the Chinese sailors were demoralized, and this man controlled them. It was owing to him that the crew did not seize everything for a piratical expedition. The company would not part with John Tuck after that.

It is said that the Prince of Montenegro, who, some time ago, closed all the cafes and drinking shops in his domain, regarding them as schools of effeminacy, extravagance and corruption, and abolished all titles, so that while formerly every other man in Montenegro was an "excellency," now even the ministers have to be content with plain "Mr.," has recently issued an interdict against all "luxurious wearing apparel," including cravats, gloves, walking-sticks, parasols and umbrellas.

France has a hangman Marwood. His name is Deibler. He is forty-eight years old, and of a tall, commanding figure. He enjoys a salary of $1,200 besides considerable perquisites, in addition to which his son is exempt from military service. M. Deibler complains of lack of work since the accession of President Grevy, there having been but eight executions within the last five years, whereas M. Deibler's predecessor was fortunate enough to assist forty-three persons into the other world in the years 1871-73.

However much the farming classes may complain of the vicissitudes of the season and the consequent uncertainty of agriculture, remarks the *Cultivator*, yet there are more elements of certainty in this industry than any commercial or manufacturing enterprise. Statistics of business, records of bankrupt courts, the experience of merchants and manufacturers, all go to prove this proposition. The abject poverty and real suffering which exist in large cities and towns are largely out of proportion to the population as compared with the rural districts.

The will of George Barstow, of San Francisco, disposing of an estate valued at $80,000, was filed for probate recently. In it he says: Having observed that ostentation and expensive funerals are injurious to the people, often absorbing money which poverty can't well spare to vanity and pride, therefore, by way of example for which I beg pardon of the undertakers, let my coffin be a plain redwood box, put together with plain nails or screws, without paint or varnish and plain iron handles, and all else about the funeral to correspond with this plainness. Let there be a cheap shroud and no flowers. What is a dead man but a handful of dust? Instead of a hearse I may just as well be carried to the grave upon some ordinary vehicle in every-day use, since life is but a journey and the day of death the final rest."

Dr. P. P. Deherain maintains that the electric light contains rays hurtful to vegetation, but these, he says, can be held back by transparent glass. The light itself, he finds, contains enough of the rays useful to vegetation to maintain the life of plants two months and a half; but the quantity of favorable rays is too small to bring crops to a condition of maturity.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 26.---The Spanish Council yesterday examined claims of American citizens for losses incurred during the Cuban revolt. No decision was reached.

Gen. Bouet, late commander of the French forces in Tonquin, has arrived at Marseilles.

The total number of fresh cases of cholera at Alexandria, Egypt, is reported at 25, and it is even said that the disease has reappeared at Cairo.

A large number of seditious placards in the German and Czech languages, signed "executive committee," were circulated at Vienna yesterday. The authors have not yet been arrested.

The National Convention of Fire Engineers in session at New Orleans, discussed a number of topics, including inflammable oils, spontaneous combustion, a uniform method of reporting fires, and insurance.

The earthquakes experienced in Lima, Peru on Sept. 29 did no harm. Their effects were more severely felt at Arequipa, where a number of houses fell, and it is believed damage has been done in other towns, which have not yet been heard from.

In Philadelphia Capt. A. C. Rand and Mate Thos. Pender, of the steamer tropic, who were convicted in the United States District Court of violating the neutrality laws by furnishing arms and ammunition to insurgents in Hayti, were sentenced to one year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of $500.

The President to-day signed the commission of Benj. Butterworth as commissioner of planets, vice Edgar M. Marble, resigned.

In the Criminal Court at St. Louis Judge Noonan decided in the case of the State vs Donnelly that poker is a game of chance, and, under the Johnson law, felony.

Mrs. David Moses died in Baltimore recently. She was famous as being the fattest girl in the United States. Her maiden name was Blanche Gray. Just one month ago last night she was married.

The report of the Mormon missions in the Sandwich Islands shows a membership of 3,000. The King was present at the September conference on the island. The church own a large sugar plantation there.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—The Emperor of Austria said yesterday, in addressing the Austrian and Hungarian delegation, that the relations between Austria and other foreign powers were satisfactory.

Many of the inhabitants of Smyrna are fleeing from that city on account of their fear of further earthquakes. The government has sent a sufficient quantity of lumber to construct 5,000 sheds for those rendered homeless by the recent catastrophe. The editors of the local newspapers have formed a committee for the aid of the sufferers. Slight shocks are still occurring at long intervals, but are doing no damage.

Nashville, Tenn., has prohibited fortune telling within the city limits.

Three hundred children died from diphtheria in and around Greensboro, N. C., recently.

The Marine Hospital surgeon at Brownsville, Texas, reports that the yellow fever is traveling north.

W. H. Stuart, who has returned to Tombstone, Arizona, from the Swisshelm Mountains, says the Apaches have been routed by the Mexican troops with great slaughter.

The Mobile *Register* says: "If the Mormons send eighteen missionaries to the Southern States, as they say they will do, they will send eighteen candidates for tar and feathers."

It is announced that work will soon begin on the construction of the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad from Delmar south through Salisbury, Md., to Pocomoke City. When completed it will be 26 miles long, and be a great feeder to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road.

Advices from Austin, Texas, say that Postoffice Inspector General Edgerton, of St. Louis, who has been investigating the affairs of Inspector P. Fostor at that place, has found evidence showing that Foster's course for the past five years has been highly criminal, and disclosing the falsification of vouchers for a large sum and various other irregular and corrupt practices.

General Rosecrans is out in a card denying the accuracy of a report in the Washington Republican, in which he is represented as reflecting on the conduct of General Wood at the battle of Chickamauga.

Fifty-five murderers have been committed in Logan county, Ky., since 1865, and not one of them has been hanged. Only two of them were sentenced to life imprisonment, and one of the two was pardoned.

One of the Mexicans implicated in the murder of four men near Gardner, Col., recently, was captured, a rope tied round his neck, the other end made fast to a horse and the horse frightened into a run. The culprit was dragged until life was extinct.

Specials from Casa Grande, Mexico, confirm the reports of an engagement between Indians and Mexican cavalry near that place. The Mexican authorities refuse to tell the number of wounded and killed, but from an American surgeon at that place it is learned that the hospital is full. The Indians have broken camp and separated into roving bands of eight and ten, and are raiding the surrounding country.

There has been a heavy fall of snow in Vermont and New Hampshire.

The medicine factory, packing house and offices of Dr. J. H. McLean, Cincinnati, have been burned. Loss about $150,000.

The wholesale clothing house of Stern Trautman & Co., Philadelphia, has failed with liabilities amounting to $1?0 000.

Albert Finzer, of Fryer's Creek Valley, near Newcomerstown, Ohio, murdered his wife and three children and then committed suicide.

The sharp municipal contest in Baltimore has been decided at the polls, and resulted in the election of Hon. Ferdinand C. Latrobe, democrat, for mayor by 3,485 majority over Mr. J. Monroe Heiskell, the candidate of the citizens' party.

Two strangers called at the farmhouse of James Crawford, near Clinton Falls, Ind., and asked for supper, and while it was being prepared knocked Mr. and Mrs. Crawford senseless with clubs and stole $15. The aged couple are not expected to recover.

In New York, in the case of Dr. G. Fayette Taylor, who sued the Elevated Railroad Company for damages for running their trains past a house he had rented for hospital purposes previous to the erection of the road, the jury awarded the plaintiff $20,000 damages.

The Commissioner of Pensions has suspended from practicing in his department J. M. Rouse, Frank N. English, F. G. McDonald, E. H. Taylor, Geo. W. Johns for issuing fraudulent circulars and charging illegal fees. The Commissioner recommends applications to made direct to the departments, where justice will be done to them.

The Civil-Service Reform Association of New York, George William Curtis president, gives notice that its constitution "absolutely prohibits the use of the name or influence of the association for the purpose of procuring office or promotion for any person or in aid of any party, and that neither the name or influence of the association will be so used."

The best time on the rail on record in Virginia was made on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, between Louisa Court House and Richmond. The express, behind time, with a clear track, was ordered to make all time possible to Richmond, when the distance, 62 miles, was run in exactly 60 minutes without any accident.

Second-Assistant Postmaster-General Elmer has submitted his annual report to the Postmaster-General. The cost of transportation on star, steamboat and railroad routes for the year, as shown by the report, was $19,234,899. The cost of the same items for the year ended June 30, 1882, was $18,881 02.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—A royal decree has been issued at Madrid providing that henceforth general officers shall hold staff appointments for only three years. The enforcement of this decree will involve the resignation of one captain general, seven lieutenant generals, five field marshals and forty brigadiers. This is the first step in the new scheme for the reform of the army.

The French Yellow Book is out.

The False Prophet has been defeated.

Martin Bernard, the French author and Republican statesman is dead, aged seventy-five years.

Lieutenant Viand, who was the author of the report printed in the Paris *Figaro* of the 17th instant, that the French sailors massacred the natives at Hue after they had ceased resistance, has been removed from active service.

Order has been restored at Port au Prince. Fifteen hundred lives were lost, and $1,000,000 damage was done during the recent massacre. The diplomatic bodies, fearing a repetition of the scenes of the 22d ult., should the insurgent steamer Eider land, have agreed to take charge of her if she appears here. On the 3d inst. the Haytian war steamer Dessolines arrived under the American flag, and afterward proceeded to Cape Haytian. The government is trying to raise there the balance due on the steamer. On the 20th ult. the government forces attacked Miragoane, and were repulsed with severe loss. Generalissimo Piquiant was mortally wounded.

The Clarion, Pa., papers report that cattle cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent in portions of Washington, Knox and Farmington townships. Vigorous complaint is made that many persons fail to bury the cattle when they die, leaving them to rot in the fields and woods, thus increasing and spreading the infection.

Vice-President Hoxie, of the International Railroad, has written to Gov. Ireland, of Texas, that business will not justify the running of separate coaches to accommodate the colored people. Under the recent civil-rights decisions he says: "We can now make colored men take the seats we desire." The Governor replied that the difficulty involved the peace of society. There is but one remedy, and that is to provide coaches for each color. He sincerely regrets that the road will not do what seems reasonable and what other trunk lines in Texas have done.

Washington Notes

District Attorney Corkhill has addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Interior as the first step in a movement on the part of the government to put a stop to the practices of dishonest pension claim agents. In the course decided upon Attorney-General Brewster, Secretary Teller and Commissioner Dudley are cordially united. Col. Corkhill is very desirous that all soldiers or others having copies of deceptive circulars from agents in this city, or knowledge of any fraudulent transactions on their part, should so far interest themselves in this attempt of the authorities to protect soldiers and their families as to send him full information, to the end that each case may be put in shape by special agents for legal prosecution.

The United States naval advisory board has recommended the construction of seven new vessels in the work of reconstructing the unarmored fleet. One of these is to be of the size and character of the Chicago, now in course of construction, and will cost $1,295,000; one like the Boston, and to cost $936,000; a third like the Dolphin, and to cost $482,000; two heavy-armed cruising gunboats, to cost $1,032,000; and two light-draught gunboats, to cost $538,000. The board disapproves the suggestion of providing a number of vessels of extremely high speed designed especially for the destruction of commerce.

Dispatches from Walnut Ridge, Mo., and other places, received late last Wednesday night, say that the men who stopped the train on the Iron Mountain Road were woodchoppers, who were expecting a lot of supplies. When they found that the goods were not aboard the train, they retired without further demonstration.

The commissioner of pensions has discovered, it is said, irregularities in the practice of Belva A. Lockwood, the female lawyer, who has a large number of cases pending before the pension bureau, and it is understood that the question of suspending her from practicing before the bureau is now being considered by the commissioner and the Secretary of the Interior.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR—City Mills, extra.	$4 00	@	$4 75
WHEAT—Southern Fultz...	1 05	@	1 07
CORN—Southern White	64	@	67
do. —Yellow.....	61	@	62
RYE—Good.....	63	@	65
OATS—Maryland.....	35	@	38
COTTON—Middling.....	10¼	@	10½
do. —Good ordinary..	9¼	@	9½
HAY—Md. and Pa. Timot'y	15 00	@	17 00
STRAW—Wheat.....	7 00	@	8 00
BUTTER—Western prime.	24	@	26
do. —West Virginia...	18	@	20
CHEESE—N. Y. State ch'ce	12	@	12½
do. —Western prime..	7	@	8
EGGS.....	22	@	23
CATTLE.....	5 75	@	6 00
SWINE.....	6	@	7¼
SHEEP AND LAMBS.....	3	@	5
TOBACCO LEAF—Inferior	2 50	@	4 00
Good common.....	2 00	@	3 00
Middling.....	7 00	@	7 50
Good to fine red.....	8 00	@	10 00
Fancy.....	10 00	@	15 00

NEW YORK.

COTTON—Middling upland	10	@	10¼
FLOUR—Southern com. to fair extra.....	5 00	@	6 00
WHEAT—No. 1 white.....	1 16	@	1 18
RYE—State.....	63	@	64
CORN—Southern Yellow....	56	@	57
OATS—White State.....	36	@	37
BUTTER—State.....	17	@	30
CHEESE—State.....	10	@	11
EGGS.....	20	@	24

PHILADELPHIA.

FLOUR—Penna. fancy.....	5 00	@	5 65
WHEAT—Pa. and Southern red.....	1 06	@	1 08
RYE—Pennsylvania.....	60	@	65
CORN—Southern yellow....	55	@	58
OATS.....	36	@	38
BUTTER—State.....	20	@	30
CHEESE—N. Y. factory.....	8	@	12
EGGS—State	15	@	18

Tacks.

A tack is a simple, unpretending sort of a young nail, noted for its keen repartee when pressed for a reply, and possessing the peculiar power, when standing on its head, of causing the cold shivers to run down the back in mere anticipation of what might be. Tacks are in season all the year round, but the early spring is usually the time selected by them for a grand combined effort, and then they flourish everywhere for at least a month. Since the inauguration of the time-honored ceremonies of house-cleaning, every thorough house-keeper with long experience in the line of duty, so takes up the carpet as to retain all the tacks in their original places, thus preventing it slipping from the shaker's hands, unless the tack breaks or his finger gives out. But the triumph of the tack is not complete at this early stage; it patiently abides its time, and on the relaying of the carpet issues forth with double force. After searching the entire house for a paper of tacks, without success, the unfortunate man drops on his knees to begin, and immediately discovers four tacks at least, and as he rolls over and and over and finally sits down to extract these, finds the rest of the paper directly under him, and then, unless he is accustomed to put up stoves and join stovepipes, the chances of laying the carpet are on that evening are slight. In selecting tacks from a saucer he always inspects the points with his forefinger, as the tack instantly loses its head when they come to blows. In argument the tack is sharp and pointed; but the display of either or both depends largely on the amount of pressure employed by its opponent. In direct contrast to a good joke, the amusement generally begins before you see the point, and this fact is easily demonstrated by walking the floor in your stocking feet, a well kept room on such an occasion averaging two tacks to the square foot. The future of the tack gives great promise of more extended usefulness and unlimited possibilities, as several of our most eminent college professors have carefully studied the effect of a sharp tack of reasonable length placed properly in a chair or under a cot, are about to introduce tacks and do away with spring-boards in our college gymnasiums.

How Japanese Restore Faded Flowers.

After a bouquet is drooping beyond all remedies of fresh water the Japanese can bring it back to all its first glory by a very simple and seemingly most destructive operation. A recent visitor to Japan says:

"I had received some days ago a delightful bundle of flowers from a Japanese acquaintance. They continued to live in all their beauty for nearly two weeks, when at last they faded. Just as I was about to have them thrown away the same gentleman (Japanese gentleman) came to see me. I showed him the faded flowers, and told him that, though lasting a long time, they had now become useless. 'Oh, no,' said he, 'only put the ends of the stems into the fire, and they will be as good as before.' I was incredulous; so he took them himself and held the stems in the fire until they were charred. This was in the morning; at evening they were again looking fresh and vigorous, and have continued so for another week. What may be the true agent in this reviving process I am unable to determine fully; whether it be the heat driving once more the last juices into every leaflet and vein, or whether it be the bountiful supply of carbon furnished by the charring. I am inclined, however, to the latter cause, as the full effect was not produced until some eight hours afterward, and as it seems that if the heat was the principal agent, it must have been much sooner followed by visible changes."

How to Foretell Weather.

When the temperature falls suddenly there is a storm forming south of you.

When the temperature rises suddenly there is a storm forming north of you.

The wind always blows from a region of fair weather toward a region where storm is forming.

Cirrus clouds always move from a region where a storm is in progress toward a region of fair weather.

Cumulus clouds always move from a region where a storm is forming.

Where cirrus clouds are moving rapidly from the north or northeast there will be rain inside of twenty-four hours, no matter how cold it is.

When cirrus clouds are moving rapidly from the south or southeast there will be a cold hailstorm on the morrow if it be in the summer, and if it be in winter there will be a snowstorm.

The wind always blows in a circle around a storm, and when it blows from the north, the heaviest rain is east of you; if it blows from the south the heaviest rain is west of you; if it blows from the east the heaviest rain is south.

The wind never blows unless rain or snow is falling within one thousand miles of you.

Whenever heavy, white frost occurs a storm is forming within one thousand miles northwest of you.

Telephone Jack.

Jack is a coach dog that found his master by telephone. In some way Jack got lost, and fortunately was found by one of his master's friends who went to his office and asked by telephone if the man had lost his dog.

"Yes; where is he?" was the reply.

"He is here; suppose you call him through the telephone?"

The dog's ear was placed over the ear-piece, and his master said,

"Jack, Jack—how are you, Jack?"

Jack instantly recognized the voice and began to yelp. He licked the telephone fondly, seeming to think that his master was inside the machine. At the other end of the line the gentleman heard the familiar bark and shortly after reached his friend's office to claim his property.

A Voice from the Northwest.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—The *Daily Sentinel*, which is the leading morning paper of this state, writes: "St. Jacob's Oil, the wonderful remedy for rheumatism, has been used by a large number of people in this city, and with effect truly marvelous."

Education in England costs $14 a head on the average.

FORTY BILLION GERMS.

A Wonderful Theory that Concerns the Welfare, Happiness and Life of Every one.

In his quiet and cozy library at the close of a busy day sat a gentleman and his wife, he absorbed in a new book and she in the newspaper. Quickly glancing toward her husband, she asked, at a certain point in the article,

"John, what is the germ theory?"

"The germ theory—well—yes; just look in the encyclopedia under 'Germ,' that will explain it so much better than I can."

Accordingly his wife opened the book at the word named, and read: Germ Theory of Disease—a theory advanced by the ablest and best investigators and scientists of the times. It supposes the surface of the earth, the air and water to be inhabited to a greater or less extent with a peculiar growth of the lowest form of fungi—commonly termed bacteria, whose power of reproduction, under favorable conditions, is so great that a single germ will increase to fifteen million in twenty-four hours' time, and unchecked in its increase would grow to a mass of eight hundred tons in three days' time, if space and food be furnished. There is no condition under which it can be said to be absent, unless it be from fire or air filtered through cotton batting in numerous layers. A single drop of water containing a germ, put into water boiled, filtered and thus freed from bacteria, will grow murky in a day or two from the development of new germs. When it is considered that it requires about forty billion to weigh one grain, some remote idea can be had of the capacity of germ reproduction. Professor John Tyndall, in a late work, elaborately treats of the influence of germs in the propagation of disease and charges upon this cause, the inception and development of very many of the ailments most injurious to man. Professor Pasteur, an eminent French savant, has carried his original and beautiful experiments so far, and from them deduced such practical results as very greatly to diminish the number of cases of anthrax among sheep and chicken cholera among fowls,—proving his theory that these are essentially and actually germ diseases. These germs are carried into the system through the lungs, the stomach and possibly the skin, but through the lungs chiefly. Once in the system, they begin to develop, poisoning the blood, invading the nerve centers, disturbing the functional activity of the great organs of the body and inducing a general impairment of the vital processes. They are the cause of fevers, rheumatism, Bright's disease of the kidneys, pneumonia, blood poisoning, liver disease, diphtheria and many other ailments. Lately Professor Koch, a famous German physician, has proved that consumption of the lungs is due to this cause—the presence of a peculiar germ.

When the circulation is bounding, the nerves elastic and the system all aglow with life and energy, the germs seem to develop poorly, if at all. But with weakened nerves, poor digestion or mal assimilation of food or a lowering of vitality from any cause, a change ensues, and in this impoverished and weakened fluid the germ finds a genial home and develops until symptoms of disease are distinctly manifested. This is seen in the every-day experience of all. The healthy man resists the influences around him and does not take cold, while those whose systems have become weak from any cause readily contract colds. This is on the same principle as the germ theory. The germs attack any weakened spot in the body, and fixing themselves upon it, begin their propagation. It is plain therefore that it is only by fortifying the weak portions of the body that the germs of disease can be resisted and driven from the system. But this has proved almost an impossibility heretofore, and it has been the study of physicians for years how best to accomplish it. Within the past few years, however, a preparation has been attracting great attention, not only throughout the entire land, but among the medical profession and scientists generally, which is based upon this theory, and it may safely be said, no remedy has ever been found which can so successfully place the system in a condition to resist the germs of disease as Warner's Safe Cure. This article is unquestionably the best and most efficient that has ever been discovered for this purpose, and—

"John, say, John! does the encyclopedia advertise Warner's Safe Cure?"

"I should not wonder, dear; it's a grand remedy, and that pamphlet we received the other day stated that Dr. Gunn, of the United States Medical college, indorsed it. At all events the wonderful cures it is accomplishing entitle it to be honorably noted among the great discoveries of the present century."

However the facts above stated may be, the truth remains that the germ theory of disease is the correct one, and that the great remedy mentioned is the only one which has ever been found that can put the system in a condition to kill these germs before they obtain a hold upon the body, and undermine the life.

There are two colored women lawyers in the United States---Mary A. S. Cary, of Michigan, and Louise V. Bryant, of Colorado.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

of all other medicines by Dr R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is approaching. Unrivailed in bilious disorders, impure blood and consumption, which is scrofulous disease of the lungs.

Schoolmasters should be entitled to rank among the ruling classes.

An effective medicine for kidney diseases, low fevers and nervous prostration, and well worthy of a trial, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

A man don't have to live long in Paris to learn the road to Rouen.

GET THE ORIGINAL.

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets"---the original "Lit-Liver Pills" (sugar-coated)---cure sick and billious headache, sour stomach and billious attacks. By druggists.

Not what it is cracked up to be---a worm eaten nut.

CLUTSVILLE, Ala.—Dr. W. Carter says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters in my own family for indigestion with great benefit."

The horse prefers to dine at the table d'oat.

Young men or middle-aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses should send three stamps for Part VII of World's Dispensary Dime Series of books. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

The dentists will take the stump as usual.

RUSHMORE, O.—Dr. A. Page says: "I prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in several instances, and in each case obtained good results."

The first weather report---Thunder.

Get It, Sure!

Wells' "Rough on Rats" Almanac, at d'g'sts, or mail for 2c stamp. E. S. Wells, Jersey City.

In all cases of marriage between Chinese and whites in California, the brides have invariably been young Irish girls.

Decline of Man.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Debility, Cured by 'Wells' Health Renewer.' $1.

HENPECK: "My love, I'm happy to inform you I've insured my life!" Mrs. H:—"Then you ought to be ashamed of such a selfish action. Insure your own life, indeed!—it doesn't matter about mine, I suppose.

Sewing-Machine Industry.

These remarkable items pour into our office daily. Mr. H. S. FULLER, with the New Home Machine Company, of Orange, Mass., writes, May 23, 1883: "I have used Hunt's Remedy in my family for over ten years. My wife was troubled with catarrh of the bladder, suffered intense pain in the kidneys and loins, and urination was accomplished with the greatest of agony. My friends thought that she could not recover. We tried doctors and medicines, and although better at times she would grow worse again. She was obliged to use the urinal as many as fifteen times in a night, and was growing worse daily. At this time my attention was called to Hunt's Remedy, and I concluded to try it: and after using one bottle she was a good deal better, the inflammation was reduced, and the water more natural. She began to gain in appetite and felt no pain in the back and kidneys. She could attend to her household work without pain, and this had been a great burden to do, even the lightest kind of work. After using six bottles she was completely cured. Since then I have had occasion to use Hunt's Remedy for kidney and liver complaints, and found it to be just as represented, and I consider it a most wonderful medicine. I would not be without Hunt's Remedy in my family; and I have recommended it to my friends here in Orange with equally good results."

WALKING made easy with Lyon's Heel Stiffeners; they keep your boots and shoes straight

PUREST AND BEST COD-LIVER OIL, from selected livers, on the seashore, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., N. Y. Absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians declare it superior to all other oils.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, pimples and rough skin cured by using Juniper Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms. 25 cents.

Mr. L. Ray, 44 Nostrand avenue, Brooklyn, says Dr. Elmore's R.-G. saved his life; four large bottles cured his dyspepsia, kidney and liver diseases, which six doctors had failed to help, and of which he expected to die soon.

A child that wakes with croup should have a dose of Piso's Cure.

Colonel Seller's Eye Water.

The Colonel never made a success of the Eye Water business, but Carboline struck a bonanza with Petroleum as its base. If your hair is thin and falling out, try it.

Another Life Saved.

Mrs. Harriet Cummings, of Cincinnati, Ohio, writes: Early last winter my daughter was attacked with a severe cold which settled on her lungs. We tried several medicines, none of which seemed to do her any good, but she continued to get worse, and finally raised large amounts of blood from her lungs. We called in a family physician, but he failed to do her any good. We then called in a physician—a most skillful professor in one of our colleges—he said that she could not get well. At this time a friend who had been cured by Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, advised me to give it a trial. We then got a bottle, and before she had used it all up she began to improve, and by the use of three bottles she was entirely cured.

St. Jacobs Oil.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY

FOR PAIN.

Relieves and cures RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, BACKACHE, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, FROSTBITES, BURNS, SCALDS, And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages. 15

The Charles A. Vogeler Co. (Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

MUSTANG

Survival of the Fittest.

A FAMILY MEDICINE THAT HAS HEALED MILLIONS DURING 35 YEARS!

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND OF MAN AND BEAST!

THE OLDEST & BEST LINIMENT EVER MADE IN AMERICA.

SALES LARGER THAN EVER.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment has been known for more than thirty-five years as the best of all Liniments, for Man and Beast. Its sales to-day are larger than ever. It cures when all others fail, and penetrates skin, tendon and muscle, to the very bone. Sold everywhere.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

In chronic dyspepsia and liver complaint, and in chronic constipation and other obstinate diseases Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is beyond all comparison the best remedy that can be taken. As a means of restoring the strength and vital energy of persons who are seeking under the debilitating effects of painful disorders this standard vegetable invigorant is confessedly unequalled. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

Mason & Hamlin Organs.

New Illustrated Catalogue, (40 pp. 4to) for season of 1883–4, including many new styles; best assortment of the best and most attractive organs we have ever offered, and at lowest prices, $22 to $600, for cash, easy payments or rented. Sent free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.

Boston, 154 Tremont St.; New York, 46 East 14th St.; Chicago, 149 Wabash Ave.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

Best in the world. Get the genuine. Every package has our trade-mark and is marked Frazer's. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

S. PATRICK'S SALVE

TRY IT USE IT

It relieves at once Burns, Piles, Chapped Hands or Lips, Corns, Bunions, Scalds, Bruises, Soreness of feet, hands, eyes, etc. Itching from any cause. 25c. Ask your druggist, or send to 22 Fulton Street, N. Y.

DELMORE'S RHEUMATINE GOUTALINE TRADE MARK

R. G. is the quickest, pleasantest, surest and best remedy for kidney, liver, stomach, bladder and blood diseases, and only real curative ever discovered for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, etc. Has cured hopeless cases Bright's disease and dyspepsia in 3 weeks—all forms of rheumatic disorders in 2 to 12 weeks—relieves inflammatory in 1 day. Can refer to hundreds of reliable people cured who had tried in vain everything else. Purely botanic, harmless, and nice to drink. Ask your druggist to get it; if he declines send to us for it—take nothing else. Elmore, Adams & Co., 105 William st., N. Y.

$72 a week. $12 a day at homeeasily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me.

PHŒNIX PECTORAL will cure your cough. Price 25c.

Blessed Benefactors.

When a board of eminent physicians and chemists announced the discovery that by combining some well-known valuable remedies, the most wonderful medicine was produced, which would cure such a wide range of diseases that most all other remedies could be dispensed with, many were skeptical; but proof of its merits by actual trial has dispelled all doubt, and to-day the discoverers of that great medicine, Hop Bitters, are honored and blessed by all as benefactors. These Bitters are compounded from Hops, Buchu, Malt, Mandrake and Dandelion and other oldest, best and most valuable medicines in the world, and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other medicines, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Kidney and Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, these Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer yourself or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is the purest and best medicine ever made; the "Invalid's Friend and Hope." No person or family should be without them.

"I was troubled for many years with serious Kidney and Liver Complaint, Gravel, etc.; my blood became thin; I was dull and inactive; could hardly crawl about, and was an old worn out man all over, and could get nothing to help me, until I got Hop Bitters, and now I am a boy again. My blood is pure, kidneys are all right, and I am as active as a man of thirty, although I am seventy-two."—FATHER.

"For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S. flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once more, and I tried it, but my folly proved to be wisdom, and two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife, and it cost me only two dollars."—H. W——, Detroit, Mich.

BNU 4

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

Pleasant to the taste, efficacious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods.

PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.

FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. As marvellous in results as the Compound.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents.

Sold by all Druggists.

To Speculators.

R. Lindblom & Co., N. G. Miller & Co.
5 and 7 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago — 55 Broadway, New York
GRAIN & PROVISION BROKERS.
Members of all prominent Produce Exchanges in New York, Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee.
We have exclusive private telegraph wire between Chicago and New York. Will execute orders on our judgment when requested. Send for circulars containing particulars. ROBT. LINDBLOM & CO., Chicago.

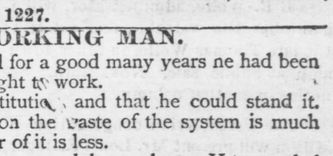
OPIUM HABIT

Cured Painlessly.

The Medicine sold for a small margin above the cost of compounding. All cases treated by special prescription." For full particulars address the Discoverer,

DR. S. B. COLLINS, La Porte, Ind.

AN OPTICAL WONDER For pleasure and business.



A NEW, original, cheap lantern, for projecting and enlarging photographs, chromo cards, opaque pictures and objects. Works like magic, and delights and mystifies everybody. Send for our full and free descriptive circular MURRAY HILL PUB. CO., Box 788, N. Y. City, N. Y.

25 PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. 100

DYKE'S BEARD ELIXIR Forces luxuriant Mustache, Whiskers, or hair on bald heads in 20 to 40 days. No injury. Easily applied. Beats the world. 2 or 3 Pkgs done the work. Will prove it or forfeit $500. Free, per Package with directions sealed and pumped 30 cents, 2 for 50 cts., or silver. L. A. L. SMITH & CO., Agents, Palatine, Ill.

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE OUR NEW Fancy work at their homes, in city or country, and earn $6 to $12 per week, making goods for our Fall and Winter trade. Send 15c. for sample and particulars. Hudson M'fg. Co., 265 Sixth Ave., N. Y.

SECRET WRITING Can be read only by those holding key! Capable of end